

Romans- Week 4 Home Learning

Hadrian's Wall

To investigate Hadrian's Wall

Do you know anything about Hadrian's Wall?

Activity

Create a poster/fact file/ leaflet about Hadrian's Wall. You will need to include the answers to the following questions. (Answer sheet at the bottom)

1. When was the wall built and how long did it take?
2. Who ordered the wall to be built?
3. Why was the wall built?
4. Who built the wall?
5. Where does the wall start and end?
6. What features does the wall have? What are they for?

Extra questions you might like to include:

How long is the wall?

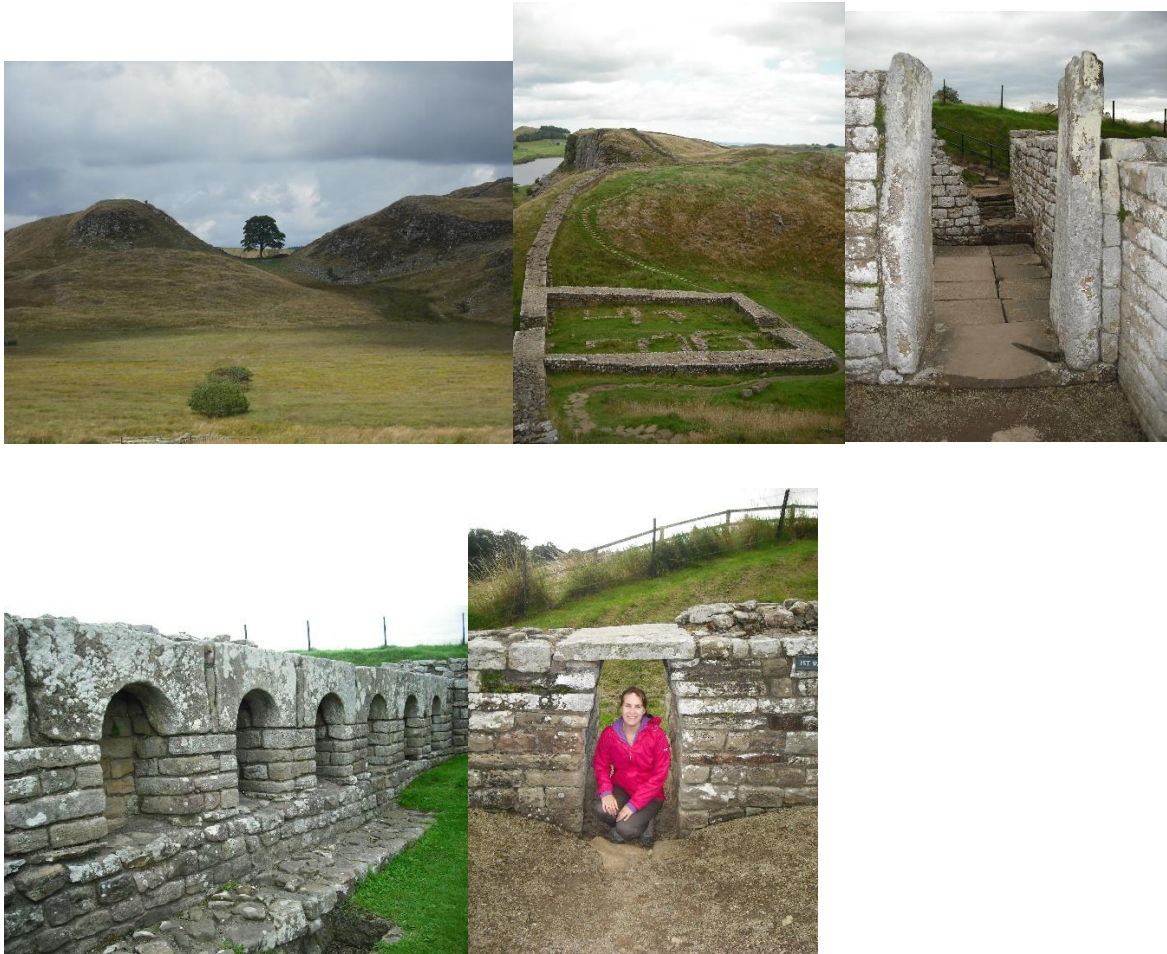
How might it have felt to be a Pict being kept out or a Roman soldier trying to keep people out?

What do you think life was like at the wall?

Is it impressive? Then? Now?

Here are some pictures from Mrs Bright's trip to Hadrian's Wall.





Websites to help you research:

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zhq76sq>

<http://www.primaryhomeworkhelp.co.uk/romans/hadrianswall.htm>

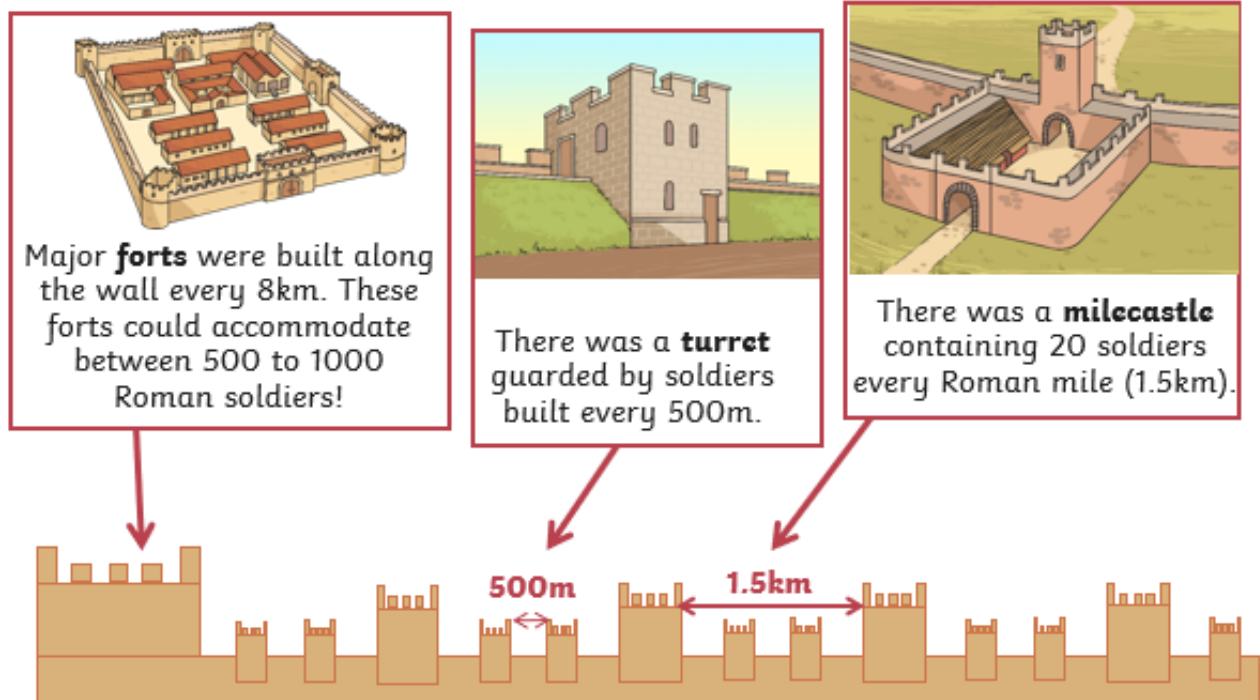
<https://watchkin.com/c2cb9e6275>

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zqtf34j/articles/zxv6pv4>

https://kids.kiddle.co/Hadrian's_Wall

<https://kids.britannica.com/kids/article/Hadrians-Wall/603149>

Not Just a Wall



Answers

When was the wall built and how long did it take?	<i>The wall was started in AD 122 and took about 16 years to build.</i>
Who ordered the wall to be built?	<i>Emperor Hadrian ordered the wall to be built.</i>
Why was the wall built?	<i>The wall was built to defend the Roman land from being raided by the Picts. It also meant the Romans could control who was coming into and leaving their territory and charge them money.</i>
Who built the wall?	<i>Emperor Hadrian's soldiers built the wall.</i>
Where does the wall start and end?	<i>The wall went from the east coast at Wallsend to Bowness-on-Solway on the west coast.</i>
What features does the wall have? What are they for?	<i>The wall also features milecastles every 1.5km, turrets every 500m and forts every 8km which could accommodate 500 to 1000 soldiers. One fort, called Housesteads, had a hospital, granary, barracks, workshops and toilets.</i>