

The Lifecycle of a Moth (model underlining this twice when you practise your actions as it's a heading)

What is a moth? (model underlining this once as it's a subheading)

A moth is an insect with two antennae and a small pair of wings. Moths also have feelers. Insects are animals that have 6 legs and lay eggs.

From egg to caterpillar (model underlining this once as it's a subheading)

To begin with, a female moth uses her antennae to help choose the right plant to lay her eggs on. Three weeks later, the eggs hatch and baby caterpillars come out. The baby caterpillars eat their own shell for nourishment. After they have finished eating their shell, they move on to eating leaves and other plants.

From caterpillar to pupa (model underlining this once as it's a subheading)

As a result, the caterpillar grows quickly. Soon, it starts to shed its skin. At between 11 and 14 weeks of age, it starts to make a pupa to live in. While the caterpillar is inside its pupa, its body changes. Eventually, the pupa case will open and a lovely moth will come out.

Adult moths (model underlining this once as it's a subheading)

Adult moths flit from plant to plant, feeding and growing. All moths have two sets of wings covered in tiny scales. They grow two eyes and big eye spots on their wings so that they can scare away predators. Their antennae are very sensitive.

Did you know? (model underlining this once as it's a subheading)

For the lifecycle of the moth to begin again, the female moth must lay her eggs on a leaf.

